

vocab lesson 16—from *The Crucible*

I. Matching. Match the word (left) with its definition (right). Each letter is used once. Write the part of speech in the blank next to each definition. These words are from *The Crucible* in the literature book, so you might find the definitions in that book or in a dictionary.

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| ___ 1. anarchy | A. _____ to make uneasy or to upset |
| ___ 2. conviction | B. _____ certainty |
| ___ 3. deference | C. _____ to hide or intend to deceive |
| ___ 4. discomfit | D. _____ false and deceptive appearance or action |
| ___ 5. dissemble | E. _____ high praise and glorification; deification |
| ___ 6. exaltation | F. _____ conflicting group within a larger group |
| ___ 7. faction | G. _____ to disapprove or criticize officially |
| ___ 8. pretense | OR _____ the disapproval or criticism |
| ___ 9. reprimand | H. _____ giving in to the authority or will of another |
| ___ 10. subservient | J. _____ respect for another's opinion |
| | K. _____ chaos |

II. Fill in the blank. Choose from the following list of vocab words to fill in the blanks in the sentences. Each answer is used only once. Change the form of the word if necessary for the sentence.

anarchy conviction deference discomfit dissemble
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22. In _____ to his host, who held very different ideas about who should run the country, the guest decided not to start a discussion about politics.
23. He made no _____ about his reasons for stealing the bread. He just told the truth.
24. She believed it would _____ her father to discuss any personal problems among strangers, so she kept the conversation light and shallow.
25. We knew Jones Electrical was close to collapse when many different _____ (plural) within the company all claimed to have the answer the company's problems, but none of them seemed to be talking to each other.
26. When the owner and CEO of Jones Electrical was able to bring all the groups together and save the company from ruin, she quickly _____ (past tense verb) the leaders of all of those factions, thus warning all who might consider starting an internal war again.
27. When people are allowed to break the laws without consequence, _____ will soon follow.
28. Because the word _____ means *certainty*, it makes sense that it should also be used to describe what a jury or judge decides in a court of law. The defendant is proved guilty only if everyone is certain.
29. He wanted to be married, but not to a woman who expected his _____ (adjective to noun). He had always believed that marriage should be a partnership of equals, not a relationship between a superior person and an inferior person.
30. He pretended to be a supporter of the candidate just so he could attend the rally. His _____ (gerund/-ing form of the verb) got him in the door, but it also got him kicked out when they discovered his lie.

31. Fred _____ (noun to past tense verb) his mother's cooking so often that his friends finally had to come over for dinner and see for themselves just how wonderful it was.

III.Synonyms. Choose the word from this unit that is **the same** or **most nearly the same** in meaning as the **boldface** word or expression in the given phrase. You will use all of the words.

32. _____ **lied about his age** to get into the club
33. _____ his **strong belief** that two heads are better than one
34. _____ **embarrass** his girlfriend by telling his friends about their private conversations
35. _____ **able to submit** to her ideas about how to remodel their home
36. _____ regarded his opposing view with **respect and honor**
37. _____ hard to find direction **without any political authority**
38. _____ **pretended** to have sufficient evidence to convict the defendant
39. _____ **put him up on a pedestal** when he returned from a successful mission trip
40. _____ **one group** of the many who were opposed to each other
41. _____ invoked a **mild punishment** for his errors

IV.Antonyms. Choose the word from this unit that is **most nearly opposite** in meaning to the **boldface** word or expression in the given phrase. You will use nine of these words.

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42. _____ after he **belittled** the bus driver
43. _____ actions that were **praised and applauded**
44. _____ **random members** of the group
45. _____ the **peace and order** that existed in their well-governed community
46. _____ **revealed** his true purpose to his employer
47. _____ regarded everyone with **an air of superiority**
48. _____ put her **at ease** in her new surroundings
49. _____ thought of an answer but was **uncertain whether it was right or not**
50. _____ **dismissed all opposing views and had respect for no one who opposed him**

IV.REACH.

51. Which two words have the most similar definitions—even though one is a noun and one is a verb?

52. law : order :: lawlessness : _____

53. up : down :: bossy : _____

54. false appearance : hide :: pretense : _____

55. respect : _____ :: belief : (56) _____

57. praise : exalt :: embarrass : _____

58. reward : punishment :: praise : _____